

Endorsement to Utah: Certified Court Reporters

KEY
Equivalent to Utah License
No Equivalent State or Territory License to Utah, see below

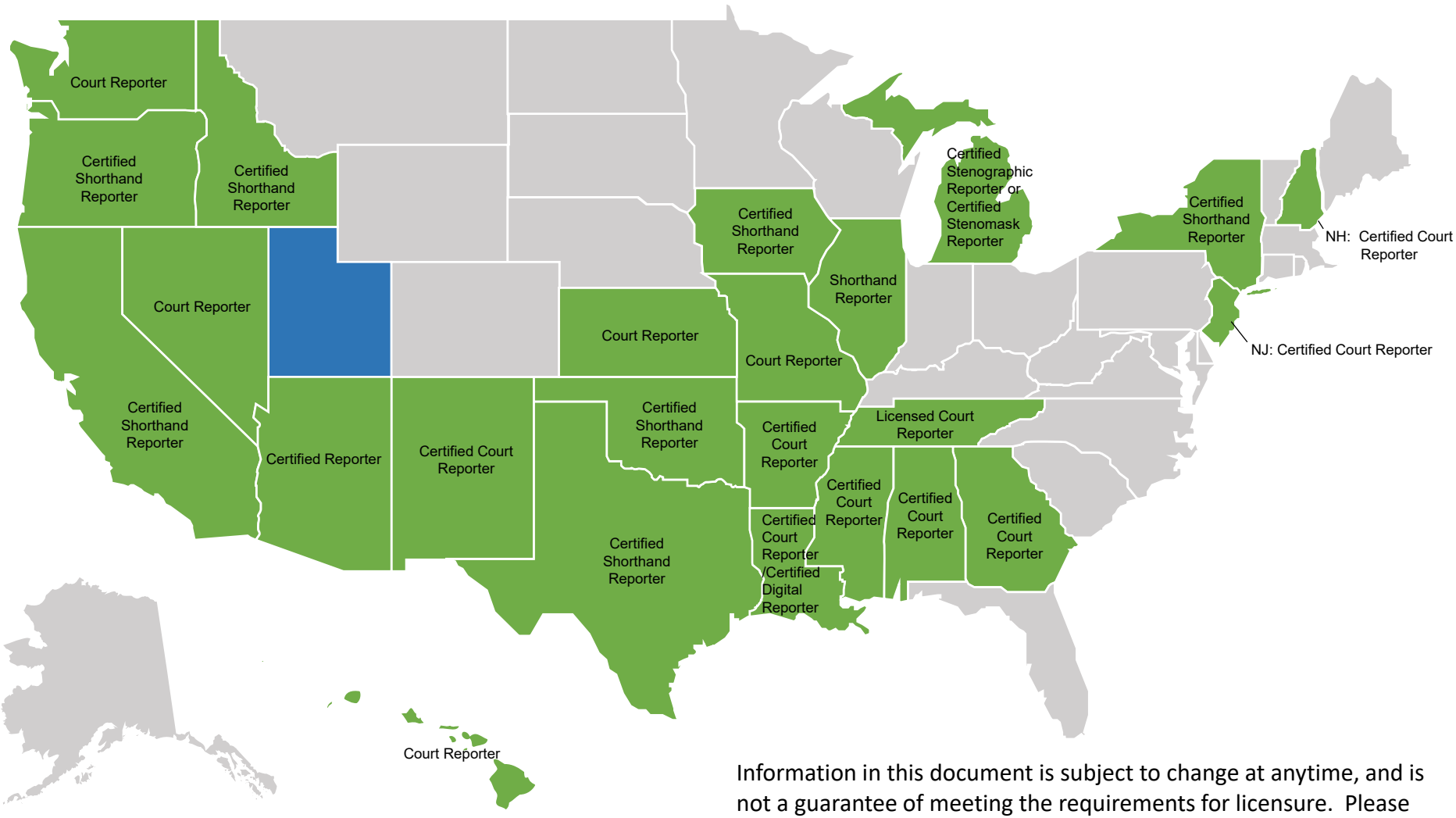
Last updated: 6/26/2020

Utah Statute: 58-74

Qualifications:

Each applicant for state certification as a state certified court reporter under this chapter shall:

- (a) be at least 18 years of age;
- (b) be a citizen of the United States.
- (c) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
- (d) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
- (e) possess a high degree of skill and ability in the art of court reporting; and
- (f) submit evidence that the applicant has completed and passed the Registered Professional Reporter Examination of the National Court Reporters Association or the Certified Verbatim Reporter Examination of the National Verbatim Reporters Association.



Additional Jurisdictions
District of Columbia
American Samoa
Guam
Northern Mariana Islands
Puerto Rico
U.S. Virgin Islands

Information in this document is subject to change at anytime, and is not a guarantee of meeting the requirements for licensure. Please see the next page for additional instructions.

Application Process

To apply to Utah using one of the licenses deemed equivalent (jurisdictions in green on the above map), you must have held the license type indicated on the map for at least one year. Additionally, the license must be in good standing.

In addition to a complete application for licensure and the appropriate fees, you must also submit an official verification of your license. If you have been subject to previous disciplinary actions on any professional license or answer yes to any of the questions found on the qualifying questionnaires within the application, you will be required to provide additional information regarding those incidents. See the application for complete instructions.

Jurisdictions with no equivalent State or Territory-Wide License:

If no equivalent state or territory-wide license is issued by a jurisdiction, local jurisdiction licenses (such as those issued by a city or county) or non-equivalent state or territory licenses may be used to assist with documentation of compliance with some Utah qualifications. Applicants must submit a verification of the license they feel may demonstrate components of Utah qualifications that includes documentation of hours, exams, and other qualifications completed to obtain the license. Additionally, providing information regarding the scope of the license will assist the Division in determining equivalency.